



This is a Zoning and Development Promotion Regulations(ZDPR) prepared as part of the Draft Master Plan for Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region(VMR), 2041 for better understanding of land use zoning.





This page left intentionally blank



CONTENTS

1.	SHOF	RT TITLE, COMMENCEMENT &	6
DEFINI	ITION	S	6
	SHOR	T TITLE	6
		NT	
		MENCEMENT	
		RAL PROVISIONS	
		APPLICABILITY OF REGULATIONS	6
		INTERPRETATION	6
		PENALTIES	7
	GENE	RAL DEFINITIONS	7
	TECHI	NICAL DEFINITIONS	9
2.	PROC	CEDURE FOR SECURING BUILDING/ DEVELOPMENT PERMISSION	23
3.	PROC	CEDURE FOR SECURING LAYOUT PERMISSION	24
4.	LAND	USE ZONING REGULATIONS	25
	4.1	GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS	25
	4.2	USES PERMISSIBLE IN VARIOUS LAND USE ZONES	
	4.3	RESIDENTIAL USE ZONE	
	4.4	COMMERCIAL USE ZONE	30
	4.5	MIXED USE ZONE	31
	4.6	INDUSTRIAL USE ZONE	33
	4.7	PUBLIC AND SEMI-PUBLIC USE ZONE	34
	4.8	PUBLIC UTILITIES USE ZONE	35
	4.9	RECREATIONAL USE ZONE	36
	4.10	TRANSPORTATION USE ZONE	37
	4.11	AGRICULTURAL USE ZONE	38
	4.12	SPECIAL AREA USE ZONE	40
	4.13	PROTECTEDUSE ZONE	40
PRECI	NCTS .	JLATIONS FOR CONSERVATION OF HERITAGE BUILDINGS, HERITAGE AND NATURAL FEATURES WITHIN MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS/MUNICIPAL GAR PANCHAYATS/OTHER LEGALLY DESIGNATED URBAN AREAS	42
	5.1	APPLICABILITY AND GENERAL	42
	5.2	RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNERS OF HERITAGE BUILDINGS	42
	5.3	RESTRICTIONS ON DEVELOPMENT / RE-DEVELOPMENT / REPAIRS ETC	43
	5.4	PENALTIES	43
	5.5	PREPARATION OF LIST OF HERITAGE SITES INCLUDING HERITAGE BUILDINGS, HERITAGE PRECINC AND LISTED NATURAL FEATURE AREAS:	
	5.6	ALTERATION/MODIFICATION/RELAXATION IN DEVELOPMENT NORMS	44
	5.7	HERITAGE PRECINCTS / NATURAL FEATURE AREAS	44
	5.8	ROAD WIDENING	44
	5.9	INCENTIVE USES FOR HERITAGE BUILDINGS	44
	5.10	MAINTAINING SKYLINE AND ARCHITECTURAL HARMONY	45
	5.11	RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS	45



F THE LISTED BUILDINGS / LISTED PRECINCTS45	5.12
F THE HERITAGE CONSERVATION COMMITTEE48	5.13
TO PRESERVE THE BEAUTY OF THE AREA48	5.14
OUTDOOR DISPLAY STRUCTURES/INCLUDING STREET FURNITURE ON HERITAGE SITES .48	5.15
OF REFERENCE OF THE COMMITTEE48	5.16
NS OF LISTING AS HERITAGE BUILDINGS49	5.17
P NOT AFFECTED49	5.18



In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (xiv) of clause (c) sub Section (2) of Section 11 of the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, the Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region Development Authority hereby makes the following Regulations; namely,



1. Short Title, Commencement & Definitions

SHORT TITLE

These regulations may be called the Zoning and Development Promotion Regulations (ZDPR) for Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region (VMR), 2041.

EXTENT

Subject to the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, these Regulations shall apply to all development works within the limits of the Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region Development Authority Area.

COMMENCEMENT

These Regulations shall come into force on and from the date prescribed in the notification of the sanction of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plans for VMR Region.

They shall be read with the prevailing regulations and GOs issued by the Government and Competent Authority from time to time. All regulations and bye-laws or parts there of which may be in conflict with these regulations will be invalid to the extent they are so inconsistent, and these regulations shall prevail, with effect from the date from which these regulations come into force.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

APPLICABILITY OF REGULATIONS

The uses permitted in these Regulations are subject to the overall conformity with the Master Plan, which is notified from time to time. These Regulations will not prohibit the existing uses of lands and buildings that have been lawfully established prior to the coming into force of these Regulations; provided that where the existing uses of lands and buildings that have been lawfully established prior to the coming into force of these Regulations; provided that where the existing use is a non-confirming one, i.e., a use under which these Regulations will not be permissible; provide further, that it will be open to the Authority to order the discontinuance or continuance subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be imposed by it, of an existing use which is non-confirming and which in its opinion is injurious to the particular use zone.

INTERPRETATION

In these Regulations, the use of the present tense includes the future tense, the masculine gender includes the feminine and the neutral, the singular number includes the plural and plural includes the singular. The word 'person' includes a corporation, individual writing includes printing and typing, and signature includes thumb impression made by a person who cannot write if his name is written near to such thumb impression. If any question or dispute arises with regard to interpretation of any of these Regulations, the decision of the Competent Authority shall be final.



PENALTIES

Any person contravening any of the aforesaid regulations or any of the provisions of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plans shall on such contravention be liable to a punishment as provided in the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, and Regulations framed thereunder as in force from time to time.

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms and expressions defined as follows shall have the meaning indicated against each of them. The terms and expressions not defined in these regulations shall have the same meaning assigned to them as in the Municipal Corporations Act, 1955; Andhra Pradesh Municipal Corporations Act, 1994; Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act 1965, Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act 2016, Andhra Pradesh Building Rules 2017, National Building Code of India and Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules 2017 in Go. Ms. No. 275 M. A. dated: 18.7.2017 and its amendments issued by the Govt. from time to time.

- (1) 'Act' means the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016.
- (2) 'Authority' means, the Metropolitan Region Development Authority constituted for the Development Area under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act;
- (3) 'Competent Authority' means the Metropolitan Commissioner of VMRDA.
- (4) 'Council' means the Municipal Council of Municipality, General Body or Standing Committee of a Municipal Corporation or Gram Panchayat (in case of areas falling in Gram Panchayats covered in sanctioned Master Plan / GTP Scheme).
- (5) 'Development' means development with its grammatical variations means the carrying out of building, engineering, mining or other operations in or over, or under land or water or the making of any material change, in any building or land, or in the use of any building or land, and includes re-development and layout for sub-division of any land, and "to develop" shall be construed accordingly.
- (6) 'Development Area' means the area or group of areas declared to be a development area under Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Act.
- (7) 'Director' means the Director of Town and Country Planning, Government of Andhra Pradesh.
- (8) **'Executive Committee'** means, Members constituted as persub-section-5 of Section-4of the Act.
- (9) **'Government'** means the Government of Andhra Pradesh.
- (10) 'Land Pooling Scheme' means a scheme as provided in subsection (1) of section 26 of the Act.
- (11) 'Local Authority' means;
 - (a) a Municipal Corporation constituted under the respective Act; or
 - (b) a Municipality or a Nagar Panchayat constituted under the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965; or



- (c) a Gram Panchayat constituted under the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Raj Act, 1994; or
- (d) any other body or authority constituted under the relevant Act to govern the urban services;
- (12) **Members of the Authority**' means Members constituted as per Sub-section-3(i) of Section-4the Act.
- (13) 'Metropolitan Area' means an area having a population of a million or more, comprised in one or more districts and consisting of two or more Municipalities or Panchayats or other contiguous area or an urban agglomeration area with a population of million and above as per the Census of India, specified by public notification to be a metropolitan area.
- (14) 'Metropolitan Commissioner' means the Metropolitan Commissioner of the Authority appointed by the Government under Sub-clause (d) of clause (i) of Sub-section (3) of Section-4 of the Act.
- (15) 'Metropolitan Region' means the metropolitan area as whole and its primary commuter areas, typically formed around the metropolitan area proper with a large concentration of people or a region as notified by the Government.
- (16) 'Prescribed' means prescribed by rules and regulations made under the Act.
- (17) 'Town Planning Scheme (TPS) means the scheme prepared under the Act for achieving the planned development as envisaged in the sanctioned development plan.

(18) 'Urban Area' means

- (a) the area comprised within the Municipal Corporation constituted under the respective Acts or within the Municipality or a Nagar Panchayat constituted under the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965 and any such area in the vicinity as the Government may, having regard to the extent of, and the scope for the urbanization of that area or other relevant considerations, specify in this behalf by notification or an area specified as urban as per the Census of India and
- (b) such other area as the Government may, by notification, declare to be an urban area, which in the opinion of the Government, is likely to be urbanized.
- (19) '**Urban region**' means the urban area as whole and the surrounding urban and rural areas and also the primary commuter areas typically formed around the urban area proper with a large concentration of people or a region as notified by the Government.
- (20) The words and expressions used but not defined in these rules shall have the meaning assigned to them in the Act.
- (21) **'Zonal Development Plan (ZDP)'** means the s27et of plans for the promotion and development of a zone or part of a zone or a local authority of the development area prepared and sanctioned under the provisions of the Act.



- (22) 'Zone' means any one of the divisions in which a development area may be divided for the purpose of securing, promoting and regulating development and for providing the urban services under the Act, and the words 'Zoning Regulations' shall be construed accordingly.
- (23) **'Zoning & Development Promotion Regulations'** means the regulations made under various sections of AP TP Act, 1920 and APMR&UDA Act 2016.
- (24) In these regulations the use of present tense includes the future tense, the Masculine gender includes the feminine and the neutral. The singular number includes the plural and the plural includes the singular. The word 'Person' includes other public institutions, other agencies and individual. Writing includes printing and typing and signature includes 'Thumb impression' made by a person who cannot write if his name is written near to such thumb impression.

TECHNICAL DEFINITIONS

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the definition given under, shall have the meaning indicated against each term. Words and expressions not defined in these regulations shall have the same meaning or sense as in the Andhra Pradesh Town Planning Act, 1920, AP Municipalities Act 1965, A.P. Municipal Corporation Act 1994, and APMR&UDA Act 2016.

1. Assembly Buildings

A building or part thereof, where groups of people congregate or gather for amusement, recreation, social, religious, patriotic, civil, travel and similar purposes and these includes buildings of drama and cinema theatres, drive-in-theatres, assembly halls, city halls, town halls, auditoria, kalyanamandapams / function halls /marriage halls, exhibition halls, museums, mandal karyalayas, skating rinks, gymnasium, restaurants, eating or boarding houses, places of worship, dance hall, clubs, gymkhanas and road, railways, air, sea or other public transportation stations and recreation piers.

2. Accessory Building

A Building separate from the main building on a plot and containing one or more rooms for necessary use such as Servant's Quarter, Garage, Store rooms or such areas as may be classified by the Competent Authority.

3. Accessory Use

Means any use of the premises subordinate to the principal use and customarily incidental to the principal use.

4. Aerobic Center

A place or building where rhythmic aerobic exercise with stretching and strength training routines with the goal of improving all elements of fitness (flexibility, muscular strength, and cardio-vascular fitness).

5. Amenity

'Amenity' includes club house, convention halls, educational, commercial facilities etc.,



6. Application

An application made in such form as may be prescribed by the Authority from time to time.

7. Approved

As approved / sanctioned by the concerned authority under the bye-laws /rules.

8. Aqua farm

A small tank (aquarium) filled with water, plants, and a fish. It is used to cultivate fish or shellfish under controlled conditions.

9. Auditorium/Community Hall

The accommodation provided for the public to view the cinematograph exhibitions/cultural activities etc.

10. **Bachelor Quarter**

A building intended for unmarried people.

11. Banquet hall

means a large building or room where large formal meals for many people can be held.

12. Bio Informatics Lab

A lab where collecting and analyzing complex biological data such as genetic codes.

13. **Buffer area"** means

- (a) an area of land separating adjacent land uses that is managed for the purpose of mitigating impacts of one use on the other.
- (b) an area within which sensitive uses are either restricted or prohibited.
- (c) a buffer area consists of a separation distance and one or more buffer elements. Buffer element is a natural or artificial feature that mitigates an adverse impact; a buffer may include open ground, a vegetation buffer and or acoustic barrier.
- 14. **"Building"** means a structure constructed with any materials whatsoever for any purpose, whether used for human habitation or not and includes-
 - (a) Foundation, Plinth, Walls, Floors, Chimneys, Plumbing and Building services, Fixed Platforms etc.
 - (b) Verandahs, Balconies, Cornices, Projections etc.
 - (c) Parts of a building or anything affixed thereto,
 - (d) Any wall enclosing or intended to enclose any land or space, sign and outdoor display structures etc.
 - (e) Tanks constructed or fixed for storage of chemicals or chemicals in liquid form and for storage of water, effluent, swimming pool, ponds etc.
 - (f) All types of buildings defined below shall be considered to be 'buildings' except tents,



shamianas and tarpaulin shelters erected temporarily for temporary purposes and ceremonial occasions.

- (i) "Assembly Building" means a building or part thereof where groups of people congregate or gather for amusement, recreation, social, religious, patriotic, civil, travel and similar purposes and includes buildings of drama and cinema theatres, city halls, town halls, auditoria, exhibition halls, museums, marriage hall, skating rings, gymnasia, stadia, restaurants, eating or boarding houses, place of worship, dance halls, clubs, gymkhanas, road, air, sea or other public transportation stations and recreation piers.
- (ii) "Business Building" means any building or part thereof used for transaction of record therefore, offices, banks, all professional establishments, court houses classified as business buildings if their principal function is transaction of business and/or keeping of books and records.
- (iii) "Detached Building" means a building with walls and roofs independent of any other building and with open spaces on all sides within the same plot.
- (iv) "Semi-Detached Building" means a building having one or more side attached with wall and roof with other building.
- (v) "Row House" means a row of houses on adjacent plot with a common wall with only front, rear and/or interior open spaces. The house at the end of the row shall however have side open space as prescribed.
- (vi) "Educational Building" means a building exclusively used for a school or college, recognized by the appropriate Board or University, or any other Competent Authority involving assembly for instruction, education or recreation incidental to educational use, and including a building for such other user's incidental thereto such as a library or a research institution. It shall also include quarters for essential staff required to reside in the premises, and a building used as a hostel captive to an educational institution whether situated in its campus or not.
- (vii) "Hazardous Building" means a building or part thereof used for-
 - (1) Storage, handling, manufacture or processing or radioactive substances or of highly combustible or explosive materials or products which are liable to burn with extreme rapidity and/or producing poisonous fumes.
 - (2) Storage, handling, manufacture or processing of which involves highly corrosive, toxic obnoxious alkalis, acids, or another liquids, gases or chemicals producing flame, fumes, and explosive mixtures or which result in division of matter into fine particles capable of spontaneous ignition.



- (viii) "Industrial Building" means a building or part thereof wherein products or, material are fabricated, assembled or processed, such as assembly plants, laboratories, power plants, refineries, gas plants, mills, dairies and factories etc.
- (ix) "Institutional Building" means a building constructed by Government, Semi-Government organizations, public sector undertakings, registered Charitable Trusts for their public activities, such as education, medical, recreational and cultural, hostel for working women or men or for an auditorium or complex for cultural and allied activities or for an hospice, care of orphans, abandoned women, children and infants, convalescents, destitute or aged persons and for penal or correctional detention with restricted liberty of the inmates ordinarily providing sleeping accommodation, and includes dharamshalas, hospitals, sanatoria, custodian and penal institutions such as jails, prisons, mental hospitals, houses of correction, detention and reformatories building constructed for the promotion of Tourism such as, stared hotels, clubs, golf course, sport stadium and all activities of Tourist Unit as may be declared by Government from time to time.
- (x) "Mercantile Building" means a building or part thereof used as shops, stores or markets, for display and sale of wholesale or retail goods or merchandise, including office, storage and service facilities incidental thereto located in the same building.
- (xi) "High-rise Building "means a building with 18 meters and above (including stilt floor) in height. However, Chimneys, cooling towers, Boiler rooms/Lift machine rooms, Cold storage and non-working areas in case of industrial buildings and water tanks and architectural features in respect of other buildings may be permitted as a non-high-rise building.
- (xii) "Office Building" (premises), means a building or premises or part thereof whose sole or principal use is for an office or for office purposes or clerical work. Office purposes include the purpose of administration, clerical work, handling money, telephone, telegraph and computer operation; and clerical work includes writing, book-keeping, sorting papers typing, filing, duplicating, punching cards or tapes, machines calculations, drawing of matter for publication and editorial preparation of matter of publication.
- (xiii) "Public Building" means a building constructed by Government, Semi government organizations, public sector undertakings, registered Charitable Trust or such other organizations for their non-profitable public activities.
- (xiv) "Residential Building" means a building in which sleeping accommodation is provided for normal residential purposes, with or without cooking or dining facilities, and



includes one or more family dwellings, lodging or boarding houses, hostels, dormitories, apartment houses, flats and private garages such buildings.

- (xv) "Heritage Building" means a building possessing architectural, aesthetic, historic or cultural values which is declared as heritage building by the Authority
- (xvi) "Heritage Precinct" means an area comprising heritage building or buildings and precincts thereof or related places.
- (xvii) "Storage Building" means a building or part thereof used primarily for storage or shelter of goods, merchandise and includes a building used as a warehouse, cold storage freight depot, transit shed, store house, public garage, hanger, truck terminal grain elevator, barn and stable.
- (xviii) "Unsafe Building" means a building which,
 - (a) is structurally unsafe,
 - (b) is insanitary,
 - (c) is not provided with adequate means of egress,
 - (d) constitutes a fire hazard,
 - (e) is dangerous to human life,
 - (f) in relation to its existing use constitutes a hazard to safety or health or public welfare by reasons of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation or abandonment.
 - (xix) "Wholesale establishment" means an establishment wholly or partly engaged in wholesale trade and manufactures wholesale outlets, including related storage facilities, warehouses and establishments engaged in truck transport, including truck transport booking warehouses.

15. Business Buildings

These shall include any building or part of a building which is used for transaction of business for the keeping of accounts and records for similar purposes; doctor's service facilities, court houses, record and reference libraries shall be classified in this group in so far as principal function of these is transaction of public business.

16. **Choultries**

A resting place, for travelers, pilgrims or visitors to a site, typically linked to religious groups/ Places.

17. Community Amenities

Spaces means the areas set apart in a layout for a shopping area, post office, bank, fair price shop, milk booth, school, dispensary, a nursing home, child care center, library, community hall, kalyanamandapam, police station, local office of the Electricity board, water works, local body and such other amenity as specified by the competent authority.



18. Convenience Shopping Center

Premises used as a complex for a group of shops comprising of those dealing with day to day requirements of the population and as distinguished from wholesale and higher order shopping area.

19. Categories of Industries/Projects/Activities

The Industrial building permissions shall be considered under Red, Orange, Green and White categories as per the guidelines prescribed by the Industry Department and MoEFCC as amended from time to time.

20. Club

An association dedicated to a particular interest or activity.

21. Cottage Industry or Customary Home Occupation

Means a home occupation customarily carried out by a member of the family residing in the premises without employing hired labor, without display of goods, and which shall be non-hazardous and not affecting the safety of the inhabitants of the building and the neighborhood, provided that no mechanical equipment is used except that as is customarily used for purely domestic or household purposes and /or employing licensable goods. If power is used, the total electricity load shall not exceed (10) H.P.;

22. Cultural and Philanthropic Associations

An organization seeking to promote the welfare of others.

23. "Developer" means,

- (a) a person who constructs or causes to be constructed an independent building or a building consisting of apartments, or converts an existing building or a part thereof into apartments, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments to other persons and includes his assignees; or
- (b) a person who develops land into a project, whether or not the person also constructs structures on any of the plots, for the purpose of selling to other persons all or some of the plots in the said project, whether with or without structures thereon; or
- (c) any development authority or any other public body in respect of allotties of—
 - (1) buildings or apartments, as the case may be, constructed by such authority or body on lands owned by them or placed at their disposal by the Government, or
 - (2) plots owned by such authority or body or placed at their disposal by the Government, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments or plots; or
- (d) an apex State level co-operative housing finance society and a primary co-operative housing society which constructs apartments or buildings for its members or in respect of the allotties of such apartments or buildings; or



- (e) any other person who acts himself as a builder, coloniser, contractor, promoter, estate developer or by any other name or claims to be acting as the holder of a power of attorney from the owner of the land on which the building or apartment is constructed or plot is developed for sale; or
- (f) such other person who constructs any building or apartment for sale to the general public.

Explanation: For the purposes of this clause, where the person who constructs or converts a building into apartments or develops a plot for sale and the persons who sells apartments or plots are different persons, both of them shall be deemed to be the promoters and shall be jointly liable as such for the functions and responsibilities specified in these rules;

- 24. "Drain" means a system or a line of pipes, with their fittings and accessories such as manholes, inspection chambers, traps gullies, floor traps used for drainage of building or yards appurtenant to the buildings within the same cartilage. A drain includes an open channel for conveying surface water or a system for the removal of any liquid.
- 25. "Dwelling" means a building or a portion there of which is designed or used wholly or principally for residential purposes. This shall not include boarding or rooming houses, tents, tourist camps, hotels for other structures designed or used primarily for transient residents.
- 26. "**Dwelling Unit**" means a shelter consisting of residential accommodation for one family. It is an independent housing unit with separate facilities for living, cooking and sanitary requirements.

27. **Departmental Store**

A retail establishment offering a wide range of consumer goods in different product categories.

28. **Dharmashala**

A building devoted to religious or charitable purposes, especially a rest house for travelers.

29. **Diagnostic Center**

A place where medical tests are conducted to determine which disease or condition explains a person's symptoms and signs.

- 30. **"Enforcement Authority"** means the Vice Chairman of the UDAs, Municipal Commissioners of the ULBs and Panchayat Secretaries of the respective Gram Panchayats;
- 31. **"Existing Building"** means use of a building or a structure existing authorized before the commencement of these Regulations.
- 32. **"Existing Use"** means use of a building or a structure existing authorized before the commencement of these Regulations.

33. Educational Buildings

Includes a building exclusively used for a school or college involving assembly for instruction, education or recreation incidental to educational use, and including a building for such other uses as research institution. It shall also include quarters for essential staff required to reside in



the premises, and building used as a hostel captive to an educational institution whether situated in its campus or not.

34. **"Floor"** means the lower surface in a storey on which one normally walks in a building, and does not include a Mezzanine Floor. The floor at ground level with a direct access to a street or open space shall be called the Ground Floor; the floor above it shall be termed as Floor 1, with the next higher floor being termed as Floor 2, and so on upwards. Similarly the floors below ground levels shall be termed as Basement Floor 1, Basement Floor 2 with number decreasing downwards.

35. Guest House

A private house offering accommodation to paying guests.

36. **Gymnasium**

A room or building equipped for gymnastics, games, and other physical exercise.

37. Hatcheries

A building in which the hatching of fish or poultry eggs is artificially controlled for commercial purposes.

38. Hazardous Buildings

Includes a building or part thereof used for:

- (a) storage, handling, manufacture of processing of radioactive substances or of highly combustible or explosive materials or of products which are liable to burn with extreme rapidity and/or producing poisonous fumes or explosive emanations.
- (b) storage, handling, manufacture or processing of which involves highly corrosive, toxic or noxious alkalis, acids, or other liquids, gases or chemicals producing flames, fumes and explosive mixtures etc., or which result in division of matter into fine particles capable of spontaneous ignition.

39. Heritage Building

A building/premises or any part thereof or structure or artifact possessing architectural, aesthetic, historic or cultural values or ecological or environmental importance and requires conservation or preservation and which is declared as heritage building by the Authority in whose jurisdiction such building is situated.

40. Heritage Precinct

An area comprising heritage building or buildings and precincts thereof or related places as declared by the Authority.

41. Holiday Resort

A building where travelers can pay for lodging and meals and other services.



42. Hospital

A health care institution providing patient treatment with specialized medical and nursing staff and medical equipment.

43. Hostel

A hostel is an establishment which provides food and lodging at an affordable price for a specific group of people such as students, workers or travelers for a specific period.

44. Industrial Buildings:

Any building or part of a building or structure, in which products or materials of all kinds and properties are fabricated assembled or processed like assembly plants, laboratories, power plants, smoke houses, refineries, gas plants, mills, dairies, factories etc.

45. Institutional Buildings

Includes a building constructed by government, semi-government organizations or Registered Trusts and used for medical or other treatment, or for an auditorium or complex for cultural and allied activities or for an hospice, care of persons suffering from physical or mental illness, handicap, disease or infirmity, care of orphans, abandoned women, children and infants, convalescents, destitute or aged persons and for penal or correctional detention with restricted library of the inmates ordinarily providing sleeping accommodation and including dharamashalas, hospitals, sanatoria, custodial and penal institutions such as jails, prisons, mental hospitals, houses of correction, detention and reformatories etc. However these shall not include Nursing Homes, Clinics and Diagnostics centers.

46. Junk Yard

A place where scrap is collected before being recycled or discarded.

47. "Land"

Includes benefits to arise out of land, things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.

48. Land use

Land use means the principal use of land for which a plot of land or building therein is used or intended to be used. For the purposes of classification of a plot according to the land uses, a land use shall be deemed to include subsidiary land uses which are contingent upon it.

49. "Licensed/Town Planner/Architect/Engineer/Structural Engineer/Supervisor" means a qualified Town Planner, Architect, Engineer, Structural Engineer, Supervisor who has been licensed by the Competent Authority under relevant rules and also called as Licensed Technical Personnel.

50. Hotels

A hotel providing travelers with lodging and free parking facilities, typically a roadside hotel having rooms adjacent to an outside parking area.



51. Multi-level Car Parking Building (Parking complex / Parking lot)

A building may be partly below ground level having two or more basements or above ground level, primarily to be used for parking of cars, scooters or any other type of light motorized vehicle. A premise either built or open which is utilized purely for parking of vehicles permitted in specific areas.

52. Multiplex Complex

Shall mean an integrated entertainment and shopping center/complex of a shopping mall and having at least three (3) cinema halls/screens. Apart from Cinema Halls, the entertainment area may have restaurants, cafeteria, fast food outlets, video games parlors, pubs, bowling alleys, health spa/centers, convention centers, hotels and other recreational activities. However, habitable areas like hotels, service apartments shall not be allowed in the same block where the Multiplexes are set up and shall be allowed only as a separate block. Such a Complex may be spread over the site or be in one or more blocks which may be high-rise buildings or normal buildings.

53. **Night Shelter**

A place providing accommodation for the homeless at night.

- 54. "Neighborhood Centre and Civic Centre" means Neighborhood Centre and Civic Center shall include following activities such as sectorial shopping center, market, office building, cinema, small hospital, playground, swimming pool, Town hall, open air theatre, civic and cultural facilities, library, higher secondary school, parking plots, public utility and service building such as post office, fire station, police station, religious building and building of public uses.
- **"Non-conforming Building or Use"** means a building, structure or use of land existing at the time of commencement of these regulations and which does not conform to the regulations pertaining to the zone in which it is situated.

56. Non-Residential Buildings

Buildings other than those defined above such as hotels, hostels, motels, shops, offices, schools, public assembly buildings and factories and those parts of the residential buildings common to a group of dwellings such as common circulation areas in blocks of two or more flats.

57. Nursing Home

Means any premises used or intended to be used for reception of persons suffering from any sickness, injury or infirmity and providing of treatment and nursing for them and include a maternity home with a capacity of not more than 20 beds.

58. Office Building

Includes a building or premises or part thereof whose sole or principal use is for an office or for office purposes or clerical work. Office purposes include the purpose of administration, clerical work, handling money, telephone, telegraph and computer operation; and clerical work



includes writing, book-keeping, sorting papers, typing, filling, duplicating, punching cards or tapes machine calculations, drawing of matter for publication and editorial preparation of matter for publication.

59. "Occupancy or Use"

means the principal occupancy or use for which a building or a part of it is used or intended to be used, including contingent subsidiary occupancies; mixed occupancy building being those in which more than one occupancy are present in different portions of the building.

60. Open Space

means an area, forming an integral part of the site left open to the sky and includes area left for community purposes.

61. Orphanage Building

A building where children without parents are cared for and housed.

62. "Owner" means the person who receives the rent for the use of the land or building or would be entitled to do so if they were let.

NOTE: The term Owner is synonymous with the term 'applicant'.

An agency or trustee who receives such rent on behalf of the owner,

A receiver, executor or administrator or manager appointed by any court of competent jurisdiction to have the charge of or to exercise the right of the owner,

An agency or trustee who receives the rent of or is entrusted with or is concerned with any building devoted to religious or charitable purposes,

A mortgage of a lease holder so empowered.

63. Parking Space

An area enclosed or unenclosed, covered or open sufficient in size to park vehicles together with a drive way connecting the parking space with a street or alley and permitting ingress and egress of the vehicles.

64. Parking Complex / Parking Lot

Means premises either built or open which is utilized purely for parking of vehicles permitted in specific areas.

- 65. "Permanent Open Air Space" means air space permanently open--
 - (a) If it is a street,
 - (b) If its freedom from encroachment is protected by any low or contract ensuring that the ground below it is either a street or is permanently and irrevocably appropriated as an open space.



(c) In determining the open air space required for construction of a building, any space occupied by an existing structure may, if it is ultimately to become a permanently open air space, be treated as if it were already such a place.

66. **Pisciculture**

The breeding, rearing, and transplantation of fish by artificial means.

67. **Professional Offices**

An establishment for professional, executive or administrative offices, including those of accountants, lawyers, medical doctors, dentists, architects, engineers, drafting offices, insurance agents, real estate agents etc.

68. **Professional Establishments**

means an establishment for other occupations that includes barbers, beauty salons, cosmetologists or other service establishments or building trades' contractors and other uses.

69. **Public Open Spaces:**

means the areas set apart in a layout or land pooling scheme for parks and play grounds.

70. Prescribed

means prescribed by bye-laws/rules made under the Act.

71. Right of Way (RoW)

Right of Way (RoW) is the width of road space/ land width planned between both ends of other property of land on its cross section, expressed in metres in this master plan, for all types/categories of roads, duly accommodating main carriageway and for future widening of lanes, space for footpath/ cycle tracks and space for accommodating all necessary public utilities/facilities/infrastructure along the roadway.

72. "Road/Street"

means any highway, street, lane, pathway, alley, stairway, passageway, carriageway, footway, square place or bridge, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of passage or access or have passed and had access uninterruptedly for a specified period, whether existing or proposed in any scheme, and includes all bunds channels, ditches, storm-water drains, culverts, sidewalks, traffic islands, road-side trees and, hedges retaining walls, fences, barriers and railings within the street lines.

73. "Road/Street-Level or Grade"

means the officially established elevation or grade of the center line of the street upon which a plot fronts, and if there is no officially established grade, the existing grade of the street at its mid-point.



74. "Road/Street Line"

means the line defining the side limits of a road/street.

75. Row Housing

A row of Houses with only front and rear open spaces/setback, having a common wall with the adjoining building.

76. **Service Apartment**

A service apartment (also known as a serviced apartment or an extended stay apartment) is a fully furnished apartment available for short-term or long-term stay, providing hotel-like amenities such as room service, housekeeping, a fitness center, a laundry room, and a recreational room. Most of them are equipped with full kitchens, Wi-Fi and in-apartment washers and dryers.

77. Service road

Service road means a lane from a wider street provided at the front of a plot for service purposes.

78. **Sewage Farm**

A place where sewage is treated, especially for use as an agricultural fertilizer.

79. **Service Industry**

Industries which are not engaged in the manufacture of goods or articles, but are mainly concerned with the repair, maintenance, servicing and/or/other jobbing work. An industry concerned mainly with repair, maintenance, servicing and / or jobbing work with sale of operation not exceeding 20 HP and 20 Manpower, without detriment to the amenity of the area by reason of noise, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, soot, ash, dust, etc. The list of industries in this category shall be as per the Government orders in this regard.

80. Site or Plot

A parcel piece of land enclosed by definite boundaries.

Means a continuous portion of land held in a single or joint ownership other than the land used, allotted, earmarked or set apart for any street, lane, passage, pathway, conservancy lane or for any other public purpose;

81. Storage Building

Any building or part of a building used Primarily for the storage or sheltering of goods, wares merchandise, like warehouses, cold storage's, freight depots, transit sheds, store houses, public garages, hangers, truck terminals, grain elevators barns and stables.

82. Stock Yard

A place which consists of sheds in which livestock is kept and sort.

83. Transit Oriented Development (TOD)

The integration of land use with transport systems, which is essentially 'any development, macro or micro that is focused around a transit node, and facilitates complete ease of access to



the transit facility thereby inducing people to prefer to walk and use public transportation over personal modes of transport'.

84. "Utility"

means roads, streets, open spaces, parks, recreational grounds, playgrounds, gardens, water supply, electric supply, street lighting, drainage, sewerage, public works and other utilities, communication network, services and convenience.

85. "Village Settlement or Grama Kantam or Agraharam or Abadi"

means all lands that have been included as Agraharam/Abadi by the Government/ Collector within the site of village and includes existing village hamlets.

86. "Warehouse" or "Godown"

means a building, the whole or a substantial part of which is used or intended to be used for the storage of goods whether for storing or for sale or for any similar purpose. It is neither a domestic nor a public building, nor merely a shop if so used not a store attached to and used for the proper functioning of a shop.

87. "Water Course"

means a natural channel or an artificial channel formed by draining or diversion of a natural channel meant for carrying storm and waste water.

88. Way side amenities

Amenities that are developed along the National Highways like food court, restaurants, Dhaba, roads/driveway, parking & pathways etc.

89. Wholesale Establishment

An establishment wholly or partly engaged in wholesale trade and manufacture wholesale outlets, including related storage facilities, warehouses and establishments engaged in truck transport, including truck transport booking agencies.

90. "Width of a Street / Road"

means the clear average width of the existing carriage way and footpaths only on which the building or plot line abuts. The average width shall be computed by taking length of street between two extreme points on building unit abutting the street at right angles to the direction of such streets excluding the steps projections, forecourts, open areas of other spaces in front of the building erected or intended to be erected. However, in case where a regular line of street is prescribed by the Competent Authority, such width shall be considered for the purpose of computing building height. And when applied to a new road/street the road width means the whole extent of space within the boundaries of a road as laid down in the City Survey or development plan or prescribed road lines by any Act or land and measured at right angles to the course or intended course of direction of such road.



2. Procedure for Securing Building/ Development Permission

- 1. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has issued the Andhra Pradesh Building Rules 2017 in GO.MS. No. 119 M. A. & U.D. Dept. dated: 28.03.2017.
- 2. The Andhra Pradesh Building Rules, 2017 and all subsequent amendments are applicable to the area falling in the Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region Development Authority.
- **3.** The procedure for building permissions shall be followed as per the Govt orders issued from time to time. At present online building permission system is being followed.
- 4. They are applicable to
 - a. To the planning, design and construction of building in case of erection of a building;
 - b. To all parts of the building including change of roof whether removed or not, and in case of removal of whole or any part of the building;
 - c. To the remaining part of the building after demolition and work involved in demolition in case of demolition of whole or any part of a building;
 - d. To the whole building whether existing or new building (except only to that part of the building, which is consistent with these Regulations) in case of alteration of a building;
 - e. To all parts of the building affected by the change in case of change of occupancy of a building; and
 - f. To use of any land or building where sub-division of land is undertaken.



3. Procedure for Securing Layout Permission

- 1. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has issued the Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules 2017 in G.O.MS.No. 275 M. A. dated: 18.07.2017.
- 2. The Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules, 2017 and any further amendments are applicable to the area falling in the Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region Development Authority.
- **3.** The procedure for layout permissions shall be followed as per the Govt orders issued from time to time. At present layout permissions is being approved through online.
- 4. They are applicable to
 - a. All land development through formation of layouts, sub-division of land and plots,
 - b. Land intended for sale or let on lease, to divide the large chunks of land into building plots, to make a layout or forming Private Street.
- 5. The above includes all categories and types of development wherein these rules are applicable.
 - a. All types of residential development viz., plotted type etc.,
 - b. All types of commercial, institutional and industrial development
 - c. Development of mixed land uses
 - d. Any other type of development schemes.

Provided that for low cost/ affordable housing schemes undertaken by the various government departments or development authorities or any local authority, separate provisions and stipulations shall be applicable as decided by the government/competent authority.



4. Land Use Zoning Regulations

4.1 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- a. Words and expressions not defined in these regulations shall have the same meaning or sense as in the relevant Acts and Andhra Pradesh Building Rules 2017 & Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules 2017 as amended from time to time.
- b. The area to which the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan is applied shall be within the schedule of the boundaries notified along with the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan and as shown in the proposed land use map which indicates the land use, streets, roads and land use zones in the area and such particulars and details in relation to the development of the area by means of references, letters, numbers, distinguishing colours or otherwise.
- c. The Authority/ Local Authority/ Competent Authority shall have power to specify any date or period for the execution of any work, which under the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan is to be executed by any authority, owner or other person, as the local authority thinks necessary and expedite for the purpose of securing the development of the area envisaged in the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan without delay and ensuring the efficient operation of the Plan.
- d. Subject to the provisions of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan, all the new and proposed roads shown in the plan shall be developed/constructed by the owners provided that the reasonable minor modifications without disturbing the alignment against the planning norms and in the lands of other owners as proposed in the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan may be made by the Competent Authority.
- e. If any owner of the land within the area covered by the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan intends or proposes to layout a street, lane or path-way or subdivides, utilises, leases or otherwise disposes off such land or any portion or the portions of the same as site or sites for the building and other purposes, he shall submit for the approval to the competent authority the site or layout plan showing the land and the site or sites intended for or proposed for building and other purposes and street or streets either existing already or intended to be laid out and made by the owner giving access to the site or sites within the provisions of Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan and within the relevant provisions of the respective Act and the rules governing the land/layout development.
- f. No Development in the area covered by the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan shall be undertaken in contravention of theseZoning and Development Promotion Regulations.
- g. The owners or occupiers may continue to use the land and buildings in the area for the purpose for which they are used on the date of Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan, provided that the Local authority may at any time issue notice on the owners or occupiers to prohibit the further use of the land and building for such purposes which in his opinion hinder or is likely to hinder



the progress of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan or create hindrance to the general interest.

- h. The Local Authority may, for the purposes of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan, demolish or cause to be demolished or alter or cause to be altered any building in the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan area so far as may be necessary for carrying out the proposals envisaged in the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan into effect.
- i. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan, the Local Authority may prepare a layout plan for any portion of the area to determine on the lines in which the detailed development of such area shall take place and the manner in which the layout of streets, sub-divisions of land into sites for the building purposes and other purposes and the reservation of any land for community or public purpose shall be carried out and submit the same for the approval of the Competent Authority. The layout plan as approved by the Competent Authority and the restrictions and conditions, if any, imposed shall be read as part of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan and shall be enforceable.
- j. The Local Authority shall have power to impose restrictions and conditions, while granting permissions to certain buildings of importance and to make suitable modifications or alterations in the designs or architecture or materials of the buildings as it thinks fit or shall cause to be made such modifications or alterations as the Competent Authority may consider necessary. The restrictions and conditions as laid down by the Local Authority or as altered by the Competent Authority shall be adopted by the applicant, owner or other persons concerned and shall be enforceable.
- k. The Local Authority, if thinks fit, in any particular case and subject to such conditions as may impose, dispense with or modify in consultation with the Competent Authority, any of the requirements of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan other than the requirements made obligatory by any law, provided that it is satisfied to the effect that there are circumstances warranting such dispensation or modification and that the interest of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan will not be prejudicially effected thereby and his decision shall be final.
- I. Any person who commits or knowingly permits breach of any provisions of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan or who neglects or fails to comply with any of the provisions of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan or any orders, proceedings, conditions, restrictions, limitations or terms made or imposed under or in pursuance of any of the provisions of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plan, the rules or the Act, shall be convicted or punished in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act.

4.2 USES PERMISSIBLE IN VARIOUS LAND USE ZONES

- a. These regulations shall guide the grant or refusal of the permission and shall be enforceable by the Development Authority and the Local Authorities.
- b. All Village connecting Roads shall be widened up to 12m (40ft) in width irrespective of whether they are shown in the Master Plan or not. In cases, the road widening inside/ along the



settlement area as shown in the Master Plan is subject to all possibilities. Whenever any proposal is being considered for the site abutting to a Village Road, the minimum width shall be maintained as 12m (if not proposed for higher width in the Master Plan) and in case of any shortage in the existing width, the widening shall be proposed for 12m (or for higher width if proposed in the Master Plan) duly showing the affected portion on either sides of road and to that extent the affected portion shall be shown in the proposed site duly taking over the same by the Local Authority by way of registered gift deed before issuing the Development Permission.

- c. The implementation and enforcement of the Master Plan shall be in accordance with the Zoning and Development Promotion Regulations herein prescribed.
- d. The Land Use contains the following classification.
 - 1. Residential Use Zone
 - 2. Commercial Use Zone
 - 3. Mixed Use Zone
 - 4. Industrial Use Zone
 - 5. Public and Semi-Public Use Zone
 - 6. Public Utilities Use Zone
 - 7. Recreational Use Zone
 - 8. Transportation Use Zone
 - 9. Agricultural Use Zone
 - 10. Special Area Use Zone
 - 11. Protected Use Zone
- e. All other uses **NOT MENTIONED** in the respective tables are considered to be **PROHIBITED USES**.

4.3 RESIDENTIAL USE ZONE

Allowable Activities Residential Buildings, Apartments, Group Housing **Group Development Schemes Residential Townships** Shop cum residences Hostels / Boarding house / Dormitories Community Halls / Auditorium (constructed by the government agencies) Night Shelter, Dharmashala, Homes For Senior Citizens, Orphanages, Old Age Homes, Physically Challenged/Disabled/Handicapped People, Clubs, Cultural and Philanthropic Associations of Non-Commercial Nature. Community center without commercial activity **Guest houses** Service Apartment Bachelor quarters / Staff Quarters **Post-offices** Police stations



Α	llo	W	a	bl	e	Α	C.	ti	vi	iti	es
, .		•••	•	•	•	, ,	•	٠.	•		

- Fire stations
- Individual professional offices
- Electric sub-stations
- Community toilets/ Public toilets
- Disaster risk resilience Centre
- Government / Semi-Government / Local Body offices /E-Seva centers, Ration shop etc.
- Public Conveniences / Public Utility Buildings (Water pumping stations, Command & Control Centres), Well / Tube Well / Ground / Elevated / High Level Water Reservoirs.
- Bus Bays and Local Bus Stand, Multi-Level Parking / Open Parking / Taxi / Auto Rickshaw Stands, Railway / Metro / MRTS / BRTS Stations.
- Professional establishments up to plot area of 500 sq.m
- Playgrounds and Play fields
- Libraries
- Gardens
- Parks
- Tot-lots
- Exhibition and Art Gallery / Museum
- Plant nurseries
- Beauty parlor
- Aerobic Center
- Gymnasium
- Swimming pool
- Yoga centers / health clinics
- Games facilities in-door and out-door
- Customary home occupations and cottage industries not involving the use
 or installation of any machinery driven by power of any kind and which do
 not create noise up to 5 HP subject to limit of 5 employees vibration,
 smoke, dust, etc. Provided that such home occupations and cottage
 industries shall not be permissible in residential apartments or Row house
- Power loom of 10 HP for any twisting
- Vehicle service centres up to 5 HP
- Water Plants below 10 HP
- Floor mill upto 15 HP
- Tiffin centres/Restaurants/Food Courts/Curry point upto 200 sq.m of plot area.
- Bakeries/canteen/Juice centres/Sweet Shops
- Professional establishments in individual buildings within plot area up to 500 sq.m
- Nursery School
- Primary School
- High school upto 12th standard/ Junior College
- Research institutes (non-hazardous nature)
- Technical training centres
- Tutorial Institutions
- Banks/ATM



Allowable Activities

- Departmental stores, Groceries, confectionaries, general provision stores
- Tutorial classes, Computer education centers, Internet cafe centres, Photography, Xerox Shops
- IT enabled services on independent plots
- Electronic printing press
- Computer software units
- Three wheeler stands
- Bus stops
- Vehicle parking including multilevel car parking
- Cell/Mobile Towers
- Weekly markets, Milk and milk products shops, Panshops, Petty Shops dealing with daily essentials, Vegetable & Fruit Shops, Laundry Shops
- Religious premises (Temples, Mosques, Churches and other religious buildings etc.)
- Kalyanamandapam / Function Hall
- Poly Clinic / Dispensary / Medical shops/Pharmacies/First Aid centres
- Nursing Homes/ Hospitals in the plots with not more than 1000 sq.m
- Diagnosis centres in the plots with not more than 1000 sq.m.
- Petrol filling stations without service stations
- Retail Gas outlets / LP Gas Booking Center
- Piped Gas Control Station / LPG Godown for Sale & distribution without storage and godown.
- Storage of domestic cooking gas cylinders and kerosene subject to the production of necessary clearance certificate by the parties concerned from the Director of Fire Services and the Department of Explosives of the Government of India. The construction of godowns for the storage of cooking gas cylinders and Kerosene should also conform to the building rules and other development control rules in force, and Andhra Pradesh Urban Land (Ceiling and regulations) Act, 1976.
- Battery Recharge stations
 - Books and stationery shops
 - Plumbers, electricians, radio, TV and electronic equipment repair shops, Building materials, hardware and paints shops
 - Newspapers, magazines stalls and circulating libraries
 - Cloth and garments shops, Tailors and Darning shops
 - Shoe Shops
 - Shops dealing with ladies ornaments. Fancy and gift items etc.
- All Commercial uses are permissible abutting 18m and above RoWs in respect of Municipal Corporations, Municipalities and Nagar Panchayats.
- Impact fee @ 1% of basic market value of registration department on site area / as fixed by the Authority from time to time.



4.4 COMMERCIAL USE ZONE

The commercial land use shall be allowed as follows:

 Wherever commercial buildings approved all along the mixed-use corridors for 80' and above category roads, an Impact fee @ 1% of basic market value of Registration Department on site area shall be paid by the applicant.

Allowable Activities

- Restaurants & Bar / Canteen / Eating Houses
- Hotels
- Banquet Halls
- Lodges
- Educational institutions like Primary Schools
- All other Educational institutions
- Offices
- Banks
- Financial institutions
- Stock exchanges
- Hostels
- Family entertainment centers
- Hospitals
- Bio-informatics centers
- Public utility buildings
- Government offices research and social services institutions
- Govt./Semi-Govt/Local Body Offices
- Petrol/Gas/Diesel/Bio-Diesel filing stations with service stations
- Weigh bridges
- IT Parks
- Manufacture of computer hardware
- Service industries not involving manufacture.
- Clean industries and not exceeding 20 HPEM
- Automobile service stations, Auto mobile showrooms, and workshops with installation not exceeding 50 HP.
- Taxi / Auto Rickshaw / Scooter stands
- Transport terminals viz. Bus Bays / Local bus stands / Bus terminals and Depots / Railway / Metro / BRTS / MRTS Stations / Yards.
- Truck Parking
- Cinema Theatres / Miniplex / Multiplex Such uses for public gathering.
- Large scale commercial establishments
- Wholesale shops
- Professional business establishments
- Clinics and Nursing Homes not treating contagious diseases or mental patients.
- Malls, Hospitality including Hotels
- Hotels
- Holiday Resorts
- Film and allied Production Activities Film and Video Shooting Sites, Film Studios on Land not less than 2.5 ha with studio and other related facilities.



•	Convention Centers
•	Kalyanamandapam / Function Hall / Community Hall
•	Wholesale markets and Mandies
•	Fruit and Vegetable markets
•	Meat and fish markets
•	Cattle fair ground
•	Timber storage
•	Cold storages and ripening chambers
•	Weigh bridges
•	Gas godowns
•	Broadcasting, telecasting and telecommunication stations
•	Private helipads subject to clearance by Civil Aviation department
•	Newspaper offices with printing press
•	Oil rotaries, printing press not exceeding 20 HPEM
•	All commercial and business uses including all shops, stores, storages, markets, shopping Centers and uses connected with the display and sale of merchandise, either wholesale or retail but excluding explosives, obnoxious products and other materials likely to cause health hazards without limitation of floor area.
•	Government offices, Business Offices and other commercial and financial institutions without limitation of floor area.
•	Warehouses and other uses connected with storage or wholesale trade, but excluding storage of products which are either obnoxious or likely to cause health hazards.
•	Commercial and entertainment centres including Touring Talkies subject to Cinema Rules issued from time to time, Sports Stadia, Recreation Complexes, Research Experimental or testing laboratories not involving danger of fire explosive or health hazards.
•	Organized parking tot lots multi-storey parking Bus terminal and depots, transport terminals.
•	Educational, Technical and Research institutions.
•	Garment industries irrespective of the number of persons employed where to authority is satisfied of its non-objectionable nature based on its performance

The aforesaid land use shall be applicable to the entire plot area of large plots whose depth is more than the prescribed limits subject to the condition, such plot owners shall apply for permission for the entire extent only.

4.5 MIXED USE ZONE

characteristics.

Hotels, lodges, cold storages

Allowa	ble Activities	Required minimum RoW
•	All uses permissible except Industrial use.	
•	The usage of the Building with composition of	
	three or more uses into one structure like	
	Residential, Hotel, Retail, Parking, Cultural, entertainment etc., shall be allowable.	
•	Amphitheatre, Open Air Theatre, Amusement	
	Park, Auditorium, Club House, Cultural Centres,	
	Exhibition Centre, Specialized Theme Park,	24 m



owa	ble Activities	Required minimum RoW
	Garden Parks, Sport Stadium / Complex,	
	Swimming Pools	
•	Restaurants & Bar	12m
•	Hotels	12m
•	Banquet halls	18m
•	Lodges	12m
•	All educational institutions	18m
•	Offices	12m
•	Family entertainment centres	18m
•	Hospitals	18m
•	Bio-informatics centres	12m
•	Public utility buildings	12m
•	Government offices research and social services	
	institutions	12m
•	Petrol filing stations with service stations	18m
•	Weigh bridges	18m
•	IT Parks	18m
•	Manufacture of computer hardware	18m
•	Service industries not involving manufacture.	12m
•	Clean industries and not exceeding 15 HPEM	12m
•	Automobile service stations and workshops with	
	installation not exceeding 50 HP	18m
•	Taxi and scooter stands	12m
•	Transport terminals etc.	18m
•	Cinema Theatres / Miniplex / Multiplex Such	
	uses for public gathering	18m
•	Large scale commercial establishments	24m
•	Wholesale shops	18m
•	Professional business establishments	12m
•	Malls, Hospitality including Hotels	18m
•	Motels	24m
•	Holiday Resorts	24m
•	Film and allied Production Activities - Film and	<u> </u>
-	Video Shooting Sites, Film Studios on Land not	
	less than 2.5 ha with studio and other related	
	facilities	24m
•	Convention Centres	18m
•	Kalyanamandapam / Function Hall	18m
•	Warehouses and other uses connected with	
	storage of wholesale trade in commodities	18m
•	Whole sale markets and Mandis	12m
•	Fruit and Vegetable markets	12m



Allowable Activities	Required minimum RoW
Meat and fish markets	12m
Cattle fair ground	18m
Timber storage	18m
 Cold storages and ripening chambers 	18m
Weigh bridges	18m
Gas Godowns	18m
 Broadcasting, telecasting and 	
telecommunication stations	18m
Private helipads subject to clearance by Civil	
Aviation department	24m
 Newspaper offices with printing press 	12m

Note: The aforesaid mixed use shall be applicable in all designated areas other than Bhogapuram Airport and influence zone.

The aforesaid land use shall be applicable to the entire plot area of large plots whose depth is more than the prescribed limits applicable subject to the condition, such plot owners shall apply for permission for the entire extent only.

Form based planning is adopted for Bhogapuram Airport and influence Zone. It has landuse categories i.e., Natural areas / No development, Rural Areas, Sub-urban, mid-Urban, Urban, Industrial development and Special development. These categories has been confined to five broad land use categories i.e., Natural area / No development (Mixed use-1), Mixed use-2, Mixed use-3 (allowable activities are shown in the below table), industrial development and special development.

No.	Use Category		Broad Use				
1	Water Bodies						
2	Thick Vegetation						
3	Recreational Spaces	Mix 1- Open Land	Mix 1- Open Land Mix 2- Habitable				
4	Agricultural activities						
5	Public Utilities/ Amenities				ahitahia		
6	Education						
7	Health care					Mix 3- Active Habitable	
8	Residential						
9	Retail Commercial						
10	Hospitality						
11	Assembly						
12	Offices						
13	Transport						
14	Solid Waste Disposal Facility						
15	Stone Quarry					Mir 4 Manufacturing 8 Sta	
16	Wholesale Commercial					Mix 4- Manufacturing & Sto	
17	Industries						

4.6 INDUSTRIAL USE ZONE

• Industrial building permissions shall be considered as per the guidelines prescribed by the Industry Department and MoEFCC as amended from time to time.



• All industries should adhere to the guidelines of upcoming/latest Andhra Pradesh Industrial Sustainability Policy as and when approved. Industrial activities as listed in the EIA Notification and subsequent amendments would be applicable from time to time for obtaining EC.

4.7 PUBLIC AND SEMI-PUBLIC USE ZONE

Allowa	ble Activities
•	Local government offices and uses
•	State government offices and uses
•	Central government offices and uses
•	Semi Government offices and uses
•	Public undertaking offices and uses
•	Uses incidental to government offices and their use
•	Radio transmission and wireless stations
•	Municipal and community facilities
•	Public utilities
•	Defense uses
•	Disaster Risk Resilience centers
•	Research and development centers
•	Libraries
•	All educational and medical institutions
•	All types of Hospitals
•	Health/primary center
•	Social, welfare and cultural institutions
•	Religious buildings/centers
•	Religious and Welfare Institutions along with residential quarters
•	Art galleries
•	Monuments
•	Conference halls
•	Auditoriums
•	Off street parking
•	Burial ground
•	Cemeteries and crematoria
•	Sports stadium
•	Swimming pools
•	Gardens, Parks, play grounds and other recreational uses requiring
	extensive open space
•	Exhibitions and fair grounds
•	Special recreational areas
•	Picnic spots
•	Geological and botanical gardens
•	Museums
•	Aquarium
•	Water fronts and areas of scenic interest and national parks
•	Open air theatres
•	Temporary uses for exhibition
•	Circus fair festivals



Allowa	ble Activities
•	recreational club
•	Golf Courses
•	Race courses/Go karting/Racing track
•	Shooting ranges
•	Amusement Parks and Theme Parks
•	Stables
•	Planetarium
•	Horticultural nursery
•	Computer software units
•	IT enabled services on independent plots having at least 1000 sq.m size.
•	Residential and other uses incidental to the main use and in no way
	causing any nuisance or hazard.
•	Bank
•	Guest house
•	Hostels
•	Water supply installations
•	Sewage disposal works
•	Service stations
•	Jail
•	Police station
•	Post office
•	Rail and Road terminus
•	Helipads
•	Airports/Port
•	Airport related ancillary uses
•	Railway station/yard
•	School, Degree Colleges
•	Professional Colleges/ Universities
•	Polytechnic college
•	Library
•	Petrol Pump / Petrol filling stations with garages and service stations
•	Residential plotted or group housing for staff/employees as incidental to
	the main use
•	Retail shopping centre
•	Spastic rehabilitation centres
•	Orphanages
•	Choultaries
•	Old age homes
•	Dobhi Ghat
•	Function hall

4.8 PUBLIC UTILITIES USE ZONE

Allowable Activities

- Helipads
- Motor garage



Allowa	Allowable Activities	
•	Workshop and incidental amenities	
•	Booking offices	
•	Transmission center	
•	Wireless station	
•	Radio and television station	
•	Telephone exchange	
•	Observatory and weather office	
•	Petrol filling stations with garages & service stations	
•	Weigh bridges	
•	Warehousing	
•	Public utility buildings.	
•	Any other use/activity incidental to communication use, residential units for staff.	
•	Accessory and support shopping activity	
•	Banks	
•	Hotels	
•	Restaurants	
•	Way side amenities.	
•	Night shelter	

4.9 RECREATIONAL USE ZONE

Allowa	ble Activities
•	Regional parks
•	All other parks
•	Playgrounds
•	Children traffic parks
•	Specialized parks/ Maidans for multi-use
•	Botanical/ Zoological garden
•	Bird Sanctuary
•	Clubs
•	Stadiums
•	Outdoor stadiums
•	Picnic huts
•	Holiday resorts
•	Swimming pool
•	Shooting range
•	Sports training centers
•	Special recreation and special educational areas
•	Bus and railway passenger terminals



Allowable Activities

- Library
- Museums
- Public utilities and facilities such as police post, Fire post, Post office and telegraph office
- Health center for players and staff
- All recreational activities/resorts/tourism activities/uses which will create tourism promotion are permissible in this zone subject to obtaining relevant No objection certificates/ clearances from the concerned/ respective departments like irrigation department, River conservation etc. to encourage tourism promotion.
- Building and structures ancillary to uses permitted in open spaces and parks such as stand for vehicles on hire, subject to the total ground coverage not exceeding 2%, Camping grounds
- Open air cinemas
- Commercials use of transit nature like cinema
- Circus and other shows
- Taxis and scooters Stands
- Holiday resorts having minimum plot area of 10 acres with ground coverage not exceeding 5%.
- Film Studios/city having minimum plot area of 10 acres, with ground coverage not exceeding 10%
- Public assembly halls
- Restaurants and caravan parks

4.10 TRANSPORTATION USE ZONE

Allowable Activities

- Road Transport Terminals (Bus Terminals & Depots)
- Passenger Interchange terminals
- Goods Terminals
- Parking areas
- Truck Terminal, Truck Parking
- Lay bays
- Railways Passenger and Freight Terminals
- Airports buildings and infrastructure, Sea Port / Dry Port, facilities such as night shelters, Automobile showrooms, Bus Bays & local Bus Stands, Container Terminal, Fuel Filling / Petrol / Gas / Diesel / Bio Diesel Station, Jetty along navigable water bodies, rivers, canals, sea, Multi-Level parking, Open Parking / Taxi / Auto Rickshaw Stand, Navigation canals, Railway / Metro / BRTS / MRTS stations, Cold Storage, Logistic Park / Ware Houses / CFS-Container freight station, Aerial Ropeway
- Helipads, Heliport



Allowable Activities		
•	Motor garage & Repair Shops, Junk Yards	
•	Petrol filling stations with garages & service stations	
•	Weigh bridges	
•	Public utility buildings	
•	Any other use/activity incidental to transport, residential units for staff.	
•	Accessory and support shopping activity	
•	Retail trade and services including banks / Trade Centre / offices	
•	Hotels	
•	Restaurants / Canteens / Eating houses	

4.11 AGRICULTURAL USE ZONE

- The farm house buildings/ Layouts are permissible which incidental uses to agriculture, horticulture garden. Approval/permission to be obtained from Competent Authority duly following the specifications given below and the procedure as per the norms.
- Farm-house layouts for Agricultural activities:

Way side amenities

- a) Minimum 9.00 m internal road.
- b) Minimum plot area of 500 sq.mts.
- c) Plinth area not exceeding 5%, consisting of G+1 upper floor only.
- Farm-house Buildings for Agricultural activities:
 - a) Minimum farmhouse site shall not be less than 0.2 Ha or 0.5 Acres.
 - b) Floor area shall not exceed 100 sq.mts in aggregate or 5% of ground coverage whichever is less.
 - c) Shall not exceed more than G+1 Upper Floor.
 - d) Maximum height 8 m.
- This is not applicable for the lands intentionally sub-divided duly forming new roads.

Allowable Activities	
•	All agricultural uses and Horticulture uses
•	Diary and Cattle/Cow Shed, Gaushallas, Emu Farms, Stud Farms
•	Cattle fairgrounds
•	Piggeries, poultry farms, animal and bird farms
•	Fish farms
•	Forestry
•	Pisciculture, Floriculture
•	Livestock rearing milk chilling centers
•	Cold storage/Ripening chambers
•	Aqua farms
•	Hatcheries
•	Water tanks and reservoirs
•	Burial/burning grounds or crematoria and brick kilns
•	All types of brick/block industries
•	Pre-cast cement industries
•	Ready mix concrete plants



Allowa	able Activities
•	Installation of electric machinery of not exceeding 15 HP may be allowed for the uses mentioned above
•	Food processing industries
•	Agro based industries
•	Sugar mills
•	Jaggery mills
•	Mills for grinding, hulling, etc. of cereals, pulses, food grains, oil seeds and rice mills provided the site has proper access and installations do not exceed 50 H.P.
•	Service and repairs of farm machinery and agriculture supplies
•	Wind mills
•	Solar energy stations.
•	Petrol Pump and other fuel filling stations
•	Storing and drying of fertilizers incidental to the agricultural operations
•	Old age and orphanage homes, public utilities such as solid waste landfills
•	Camping sites and other recreational uses
•	Parks and play grounds
•	Toy trains
•	Gardens
•	Orchards
•	Nurseries

The following activities mentioned below, which are not related to Agricultural use purposes shall be accorded permission duly collecting an impact fee @1% of basic market value of Registration Department on site area as fixed by the authority from time to time.

Brick kilns

•	Golf centers
•	Race course
•	Ice industry
•	Race/Driving testing tracks
•	Cultural buildings
•	Electric Sub-stations
•	Receiving stations
•	Sewage farms and garbage dumps
•	Water treatment plants
•	Function halls
•	Hospitals
•	Amusement parks such as Disney land type
•	Eco-tourism activities
•	Ware house
•	Storage and sale of farm products locally produced
•	Concrete block
•	Filling stations



•	Weigh bridges and check posts
•	Helipads
•	Mini power projects
•	Check posts and toll gates having access to major roads
•	Truck terminals
•	Quarrying and removal of clay and stone up to 3.0m depth and crushing
•	Petrol/Gas filling stations
•	Electrical/Battery recharge Stations

Note: The allowable uses mentioned in the all above land use are not exhaustive anywhere and similar to the incidental uses are permissible, in their respective land uses.

4.12 SPECIAL AREA USE ZONE

All properties of Defense/ Military shall fall under this zone.

4.13 PROTECTEDUSE ZONE

A. P1: Blue Zone (Water Bodies)

- Water bodies Zone generally indicates all existing water courses, rivers, canals, lakes, tanks and kuntas as indicated in the topographical sheets published by the Survey of India/Revenue records/Irrigation department/or other competent authorities.
- The boundary of the water bodies relates to the Full tank Level as indicated in relevant maps, covering both perennial and non-perennial parts when such distinction exists. In water Body Zone no construction is permitted in the water-spread.
- The only exception is fishing, boating, and picnics along the banks. The only construction allowed is open to sky jetties for boating, house boats, and platforms for fishing and rain shelters' and snack bars each not exceeding 100 sq.m in area and tourist amenities.

B. P2:Green Zone (Forest)

No development permission shall be allowed except Agriculture, Horticulture and forestry use in Bio-Conservation Zone / Eco-Sensitive Zone / Reserved Forest as notified by the Govt.

- Parks
- Botanical gardens
- Picnic spots
- Public utilities
- Electrical sub stations

Microwave radar/cell phones tower/T.V. tower and station are permitted in the zone subject to obtain NoC/ Clearance from the concerned Dept.



C. P2: Brown Zone (Hills)

- No physical development of any sort to be permitted in this zone.
- Further there shall be no development within 12 m distance from the boundary.
- Form based regulations will prevail for hills within Bhogapuram airport and influence area zone.

D. Coastal Regulation Zone

The CRZ rules and regulations issued by the MoEF, CPCB and APPCB shall be followed from time to time.



5. Regulations for Conservation of Heritage Buildings, Heritage Precincts and Natural features within Municipal Corporations/Municipal Areas/Nagar Panchayats/other legally designated urban areas.

Conservation of buildings, artifacts, structures, areas and precincts of Historic and/or aesthetic and/or architectural and /or cultural significance (Heritage buildings and heritage precincts) and/or natural features of environment significance.

5.1 APPLICABILITY AND GENERAL

- These regulations shall apply to heritage sites which shall include those buildings, artifacts, structures, streets, areas and precincts of historic, architectural, aesthetic, cultural or environmental value (hereinafter referred to as Listed Heritage Buildings/Listed Heritage Precincts) and those natural feature areas of environmental significance or of scenic beauty including, but not restricted to, sacred groves, hills, hillocks, water bodies (and the areas adjoining the same), open areas, wooded areas, points, walks, rides, bridle paths (hereinafter referred to as 'listed natural feature areas') which shall be listed in notification(s) to be issued by the State Government/identified in Master Plan or any other plans notified by the Authority.
- The provisions in this chapter are beyond the regulations applicable on the Prohibited and Regulated areas as defined by Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains (AMASR) Act 2010, where site specific Heritage Bye-Laws are prepared and notified by the Competent Authority (National Monuments Authority) under the AMASR Act shall be applicable.
- NOC shall have to be obtained by submission of required documents as may be necessary, including "Heritage Impact Assessment report", if so necessitated by the National Monuments Authority.

5.2 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNERS OF HERITAGE BUILDINGS

It shall be the duty of the owners of heritage buildings and buildings in heritage precincts or in heritage streets to carry out regular repairs and maintenance of the buildings. The State Government/Local Authority/Development Authority concerned shall not be responsible for such repair and maintenance except for the buildings owned by the Government/Local Authority/Development Authority.



5.3 RESTRICTIONS ON DEVELOPMENT / RE-DEVELOPMENT / REPAIRS ETC.

- No development or redevelopment or engineering operation or additions / alterations, repairs, renovations including painting of the building, replacement of special features or plastering or demolition of any part thereof of the said listed buildings or listed precincts or listed natural feature areas shall be allowed except with the prior permission of Local Authority/Development Authority.
- Before granting such permission, the agency concerned shall consult the Heritage Conservation
 Committee to be appointed by the State Government and shall act in accordance with the
 advice of the Heritage Conservation Committee.
- a) Provided that, before granting any permission for demolition or major alterations/additions to listed buildings (or buildings within listed streets or precincts), or construction at any listed natural features, or alteration of boundaries of any listed natural feature areas, objections and suggestions from the public shall be invited and shall be considered by the Heritage Conservation Committee.
- b) Provided that, only in exceptional cases, for reasons to be recorded in writing, Local Authority/Development Authority may refer the matter back to the Heritage Conservation Committee for reconsideration.
- c) However, the decision of the Heritage Conservation Committee after such reconsideration shall be final and binding.

5.4 PENALTIES

- Violation of the regulations shall be punishable under the provisions regarding unauthorized development under the provisions of the respective Acts of Local Authority/Development Authority. In case of proved deliberate neglect of and/or damage to Heritage Buildings and Heritage Precincts, or if the building is allowed to be damaged or destroyed due to neglect or any other reason, in addition to penal action provided under the concerned Act, no permission to construct any new building shall be granted on the site if a Heritage Building or Building in a Heritage Precinct is damaged or pulled down without appropriate permission from Local Authority/Development Authority.
- It shall be open to the Heritage Conservation Committee to consider a request for rebuilding/reconstruction of a Heritage Building that was unauthorized demolished or damaged, provided that the total built-up area in all floors put together in such new construction is not in excess of the total built-up area in all floors put together in the original Heritage Building in the same form and style in addition to other controls that may be specified.

5.5 PREPARATION OF LIST OF HERITAGE SITES INCLUDING HERITAGE BUILDINGS, HERITAGE PRECINCTS AND LISTED NATURAL FEATURE AREAS:

- The list of heritage sites including Heritage Buildings, Heritage Precincts and listed Natural Features Areas is to be prepared and supplemented by the Local Authority/Development Authority on the advice of the Heritage Conservation Committee and shall obtain the preliminary approval of the Government.
- Before being finalized, objections and suggestions of the public are to be invited and on the recommendation of the Heritage Committee on the objections and suggestions, the



Government shall accord the final approval of the list heritage of sites including Heritage Buildings, Heritage Precincts and listed Natural Features Areas which shall be notified.

- The said list to which the regulation applies shall not form part of this regulation for the purpose of Building Rules.
- The list may be supplemented from time to time by Government on receipt of proposal from
 the agency concerned or by Government suo-moto provided that before the list is
 supplemented, objections and suggestions from the public be invited and duly considered by
 the State Government after obtaining a detailed recommendation from the Heritage
 Conservation Committee on the objections and suggestions received.
- When a building or group of buildings or natural feature areas are listed, it would automatically
 mean (unless otherwise indicated) that the entire property including its entire compound/plot
 boundary along with all the subsidiary structures and artifacts etc. within the compound/plot
 boundary, etc. shall form part of list.

5.6 ALTERATION/MODIFICATION/RELAXATION IN DEVELOPMENT NORMS

On the advice of the said Heritage Conservation Committee to be appointed by the Government and for reasons to be recorded in writing, the Local Authority/Development Authority shall follow the procedure as per Development Authority Act, to alter, modify or relax the Development Control Norms prescribed in the Master Plan, if required, for the conservation or preservation or retention of historic or aesthetic or cultural or architectural or environmental quality of any heritage site.

5.7 HERITAGE PRECINCTS / NATURAL FEATURE AREAS

- In cases of streets, precincts, areas and (where deemed necessary by the Heritage Conservation Committee) natural feature areas notified, development permissions shall be granted in accordance with the special separate regulation prescribed for respective streets, precincts/natural feature areas which shall be framed by the Local Authority/Development Authority on the advice of the Heritage Conservation Committee.
- Before finalizing the special separate regulations for precincts, streets, natural features, areas, the draft of the same shall be published in the official gazette and in leading newspapers for the purpose of inviting objections and suggestions from the public.
- All objections and suggestions received within a period of 30 days from the date of publication in the official gazette shall be considered by the Local Authority/Development Authority/Heritage Conservation Committee.
- After consideration of the above suggestions and objections, the agency concerned, acting on the advice of the Heritage Conservation Committee shall modify (if necessary) the aforesaid draft separate regulations for streets, precincts, areas and natural features and forward the same to Government for notification.

5.8 ROAD WIDENING

Widening of the existing roads under the Master Plan or Town/Zonal Development Plan or in the Layout Plan shall be carried out considering the existing heritage buildings (even if they are not included in a Heritage Precinct) or which may affect listed natural features areas.

5.9 INCENTIVE USES FOR HERITAGE BUILDINGS

In cases of buildings located in non-commercial use zones included in the Heritage Conservation List, if the owner/owners agree to maintain the listed heritage building as it is in the existing state and to



preserve its heritage state with due repairs and the owner/owners/lessees give a written undertaking to that effect, the owner/owners/lessees may be allowed with the approval of the Heritage Conservation Committee within permissible use zone to convert part or whole thereof of the non-commercial area within such a heritage building to commercial/office use/hotel. Provided that if the heritage building is not maintained suitably or if the heritage value of the building is spoiled in any manner, the commercial/office/hotel use shall be disallowed.

5.10 MAINTAINING SKYLINE AND ARCHITECTURAL HARMONY

After the guidelines are framed, buildings within heritage precincts or in the vicinity of heritage sites shall maintain the skyline in the precinct and follow the architectural style (without any high-rise development) as may be existing in the surrounding area, so as not to diminish or destroy the value and beauty of or the view from the said heritage sites. The development within the precinct or in the vicinity of heritage sites shall be in accordance with the guidelines framed by the Local Authority/Development Authority on the advice of the Heritage Conservation Committee or separate regulations/guidelines, if any, prescribed for respective zones by Local Authority/Development Authority.

5.11 RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS

Restrictions existing as imposed under covenants, terms and conditions on the leasehold plots either by the State Government or by the Local Authority/Development Authority shall continue to be imposed in addition to Development Control Regulations. However, in case of any conflict with the heritage preservation interest/environmental conservation, this Heritage Regulation shall prevail.

5.12 GRADING OF THE LISTED BUILDINGS / LISTED PRECINCTS

- Listed Heritage Buildings/Listed Heritage Precincts may be graded into three categories.
- The definition of these and basic guidelines for development permissions are as given below.
- Listing does not prevent change of ownership or usage.
- However, change of use of such Listed Heritage Building/Listed Precincts is not permitted without the prior approval of the Heritage Conservation Committee.
- Use should be in harmony with the said listed heritage site.



Grading of Listed Heritage Buildings / Precincts

(A) DEFINITION			
Grade - I	Grade - II	Grade - III	
Heritage Grade-I comprises buildings and precincts of national or historic importance, embodying excellence in architectural style, design, technology and material usage and/or aesthetics; they may be associated with a great historic event, personality, movement or institution. They have been and are the prime landmarks of the region. All natural sites shall fall within Grade-I.	Heritage Grade-II (A&B) comprises of buildings and precincts of regional or local importance possessing special architectural or aesthetic merit, or cultural or historical significance though of a lower scale than Heritage Grade-I. They are local landmarks, which contribute to the image and identity of the region. They may be the work of master craftsmen or may be models of proportion and ornamentation or designed	Heritage Grade-III comprises building and precincts of importance for townscape; that evoke architectural, aesthetic, or sociological interest through not as much as in Heritage Grade-II. These contribute to determine the character of the locality and can be representative of lifestyle of a particular community or region and may also be distinguished by setting, or special character of the façade and uniformity of height, width and scale.	
Within Grade I.	(B) Objective		
Grade - I	Grade - II	Grade - III	
Heritage Grade-I richly deserves careful preservation.	Heritage Grade-II deserves intelligent conservation.	Heritage Grade-III deserves intelligent conservation (though on a lesser scale than Grade-II and special protection to unique features and attributes).unique features and attributes	
(C) Scope for Changes			
Grade - I	Grade - II	Grade - III	



No interventions be permitted either on exterior or interior of the heritage building natural features unless it is necessary in the interest strengthening prolonging the life of the buildings/or precincts or any part or features thereof. For this purpose, absolutely essential and minimum changes would be allowed and they must be in conformity with the original.

Grade-II (A): Internal changes and adaptive re-use may by and large be allowed but subject to strict scrutiny. Care would be taken to ensure the conservation of all special aspects for which it is included in Heritage Grade-II.

Grade-II (B): In addition to the above, extension or additional building in the same plot or compound could in certain circumstances, be allowed provided that the extension / additional building is in harmony with (and does not detract from) the existing heritage building(s) or precincts especially in terms

Internal changes and adaptive re- use may by and large be allowed. Changes can include extensions and additional buildings in the same plot or compound. However, any changes should be such that they are in harmony with and should be such that they do not detract from the existing heritage building/precinct.

(D) Procedure

Grade - I Grade - II Grade - III Development permission Development permission for Development permission for for the changes would be the changes would be given changes would be given on the given on the advice of the on the advice of the Heritage advice of the Heritage **Heritage Conservation** Conservation Committee. Conservation Committee. Committee.

(E) Vistas/Surrounding Development

Grade - I	Grade - II	Grade - III
All development in areas surrounding Heritage Grade-I shall be regulated and controlled, ensuring that it does not mar the grandeur of, or view from Heritage Grade-I.	All development in areas surrounding Heritage Grade-II shall be regulated and controlled, ensuring that it does not mar the grandeur of, or view from Heritage Grade-II.	All development in areas surrounding Heritage Grade-III shall be regulated and controlled, ensuring that it does not mar the grandeur of, or view from Heritage Grade-III.



5.13 OPINION OF THE HERITAGE CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

Nothing mentioned above should be deemed to confer a right on the owner/occupier of the plot to demolish or reconstruct or make alterations to his heritage building/buildings in a heritage precinct or on a natural heritage site if in the opinion of the Heritage Conservation Committee, such demolition/reconstruction/alteration is undesirable.

5.14 APPROVAL TO PRESERVE THE BEAUTY OF THE AREA

The Heritage Conservation Committee shall have the power to direct, especially in areas designated by them, that the exterior design and height of buildings should have their approval to preserve the beauty of the area.

5.15 SIGNS AND OUTDOOR DISPLAY STRUCTURES/INCLUDING STREET FURNITURE ON HERITAGE SITES

Local Authority/Development Authority on the advice of the Heritage Conservation Committee shall frame regulations or guidelines to regulate signs, outdoor display structures and street furniture on heritage sites.

Composition of Heritage Conservation Committee

- The Heritage Conservation Committee shall be appointed by the State Government.
- The Committee shall have the powers to co-opt up to three additional members who may have related experience.
- The tenure of the Chairman and Members of other than Government Department /Local Bodies shall be as prescribed by the Government.

5.16 THE TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE COMMITTEE

- To advice the Local Authority/Development Authority whether development permission is to be granted under Building Rules and the conditions of permission if any required.
- To prepare a supplementary list of heritage sites, which include buildings artifacts, structures, streets, areas, precincts of historic, aesthetic, architectural, cultural, or environmental significance and a supplementary list of natural feature areas of environmental significance, scenic beauty including but not restricted to sacred groves, hills, hillocks, water bodies (and the areas adjoining the same), open areas, wooded areas, points, walks, rides, bridle paths etc. to which this Building Rule would apply.
- To advise whether any relaxation, modification, alteration, or variance of any of the Building Rules is required in connection with conservation and preservation of any Listed Heritage Buildings/Listed Heritage Precincts.
- To frame special regulations/guidelines for precincts and if necessary for natural feature areas to advise the Local Authority/Development Authority regarding the same;
- To recommend to the Local Authority/Development Authority guidelines to be adopted by those private parties or public/government agencies who sponsor beautification schemes at heritage sites;
- To prepare special designs and guidelines/publications for listed buildings, control of height and essential façade characteristics such as maintenance of special types of balconies and other



heritage items of the buildings and to suggest suitable designs adopting appropriate materials for replacement keeping the old form intact to the extent possible.

- To prepare guidelines relating to design elements and conservation principles to be adhered to and to prepare other guidelines for the purposes of this Regulation;
- To advise the Local Authority/Development Authority /on any other issues as may be required
 from time to time during course of scrutiny of development permissions and in t h e overall
 interest of heritage/conservation;
- To advice the Government either independently or through or on behalf of the Local Authority/Development Authority in cases of Appeals under Local Authority/Development Authority Act in cases of listed buildings/heritage buildings and listed precincts/heritage precincts and listed natural feature areas.

5.17 IMPLICATIONS OF LISTING AS HERITAGE BUILDINGS

The Regulations do not amount to any blanket prevention of demolition or of changes to Heritage Buildings. The only requirement is to obtain clearance from Local Authority/Development Authority as the case may be and Heritage Conservation Committee from heritage point of view.

5.18 OWNERSHIP NOT AFFECTED

Sale and purchase of Heritage Buildings does not require any permission from Local Authority/Development Authority/Heritage Conservation Committee. The Regulations do not affect the ownership or usage. However, such usage should be in harmony with the said listed precincts/buildings. Local Authority/Development Authority shall ensure that the development permission relating to these buildings is given within 30 days whenever such application is submitted.



This page left intentionally blank